
Analysis of Hard Softening Machines

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Abstract:	Keywords:
The article describes the process of forming assassins, as well as measures to eliminate the analysis of softening machines and their use.	Heavy rainfall, layering, nipples, rows, layer softening, cultivator.

The resulting embryo was allowed to develop in nutrients and then inserted into her womb, where it implanted. To prevent this from happening, the surface of the solid soil produced after heavy rainfall must be eliminated within 1-2 days before reaching it.

It should be borne in mind that if the layer produced after heavy rainfall is eliminated quickly in a timely manner, the seravj development of the growing nipples will be achieved, and the squeaking chickens will be fully planted.

In all areas, the layer should be softened using the Russian rotary moths MVN-2.8 and MVX-5.4 depicted in Figures 1 and 2. The resulting embryo was allowed to develop in nutrients and then inserted into her womb, where it implanted.

Aggregates made up of specified motigas during the work process should move along the planted rows.

In fields where nipples are fully harvested, cotton cultivators equipped with rotational stars can be used to soften the layer. The intermolecular cultivator sets a pair of rotational stars on the right and left side of each gryadili, and they must be placed between the rows, avoiding 3 inches [3 cm] from the grain rows and walking at a depth of 4-5 inches [4-5 cm]. Here, too, the aggregate moves along the lines of the gastrointestinal tract.

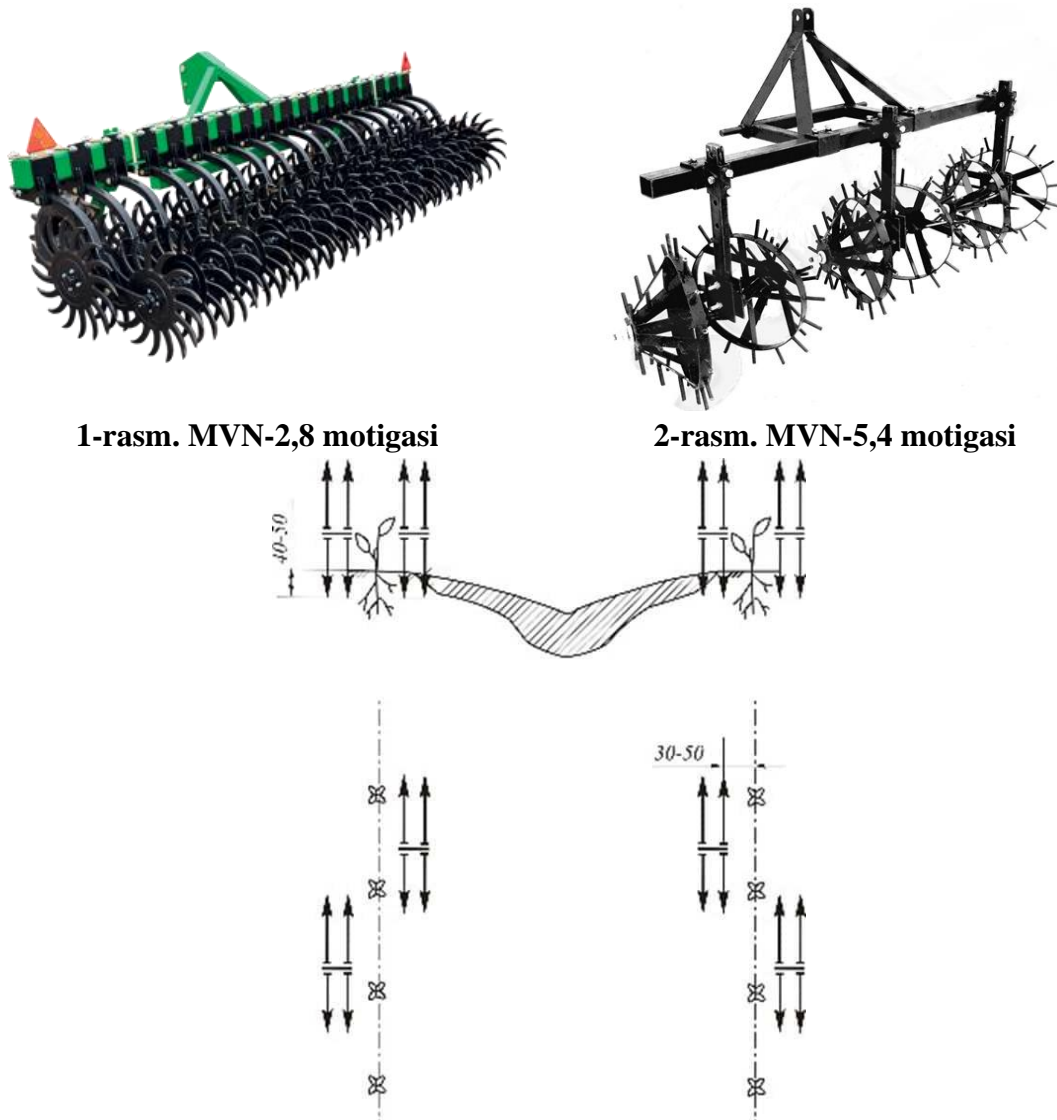


Figure 3. Scheme for placing rotational starlets to soften the layer in fields where nipples are fully harvested

It should also be noted that freshwater caused by heavy rains should not be allowed to accumulate in the sockets. To do this, in addition to planting, owners must be opened between the rows and rice must be taken so that freshwater can leak out on the edges of the paychecks.

Loosening the soil by losing weeds in the midst of a gastrointestinal tract

The cultivation of cotton in a number of schemes of 60 cm, 90 cm and an additional range is mainly carried out with chopper aggregates consisting of MTZ-80X, TTZ-100.11 tractors and KRT-4 and KXU-4 Russian cultivators.

Layer and soften the field level. Depending on the conditions of each field, it is intended to be layered and processed with working bodies in the KKO category to obtain a thin layer

of soil in fields where the soil is very densely dense and the weeds are not developed. The intermolecular force from all these filaments is enough to support more than the gecko's body weight—even when it is skittering upside down across a globe! In this case, the rotational star is 4-6 cm 3-5 cm away from the nipples.

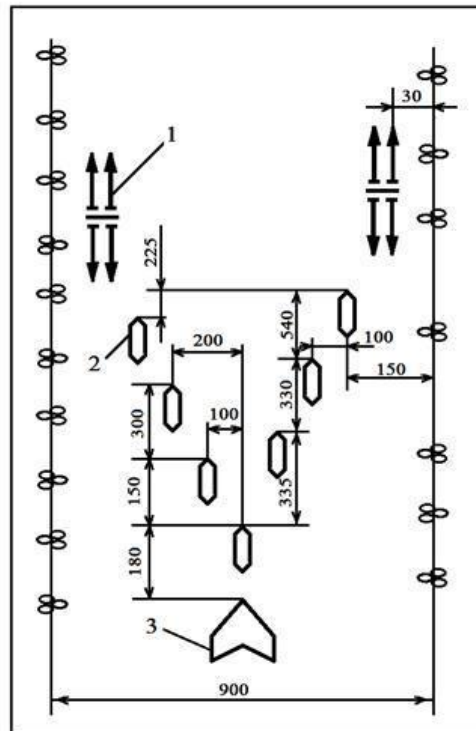


Figure 4. Cylinder Softening Scheme

1-Rotatsion Yulduzcha; 2-yumshatkich panja; 3-o'qyoysimon panja

To smoothly soften the rows, the work organ placement scheme is in depth, the first pair of softening paws is 5-7 cm deep, 12-15 cm away from the nipples, The second pair of softener paws should be placed at a depth of 6-8 cm 25 cm from the nipples, the third pair of softened paws at a depth of 8 to 10 inches [35 cm] from the nipples, and the central softener and arrow-shaped paws at a depth of 14 to 16 inches [14 to 16 cm]. To soften the cultivator between a row of 60 cm wide, 8 pairs of rotational stars, 21 softeners and 5 arrows, 8 pairs of rotational stars, 29 softeners, and 5 arrow-shaped paws are installed when the row is 90 inches [90 cm] wide.

It is worth noting that the cultivator is a much more complex aggregate and requires specially qualified attention to itself. If a flat horizontal area with special lines is drawn to correctly adjust the cultivator's working members, the configuration work will be easier and the accuracy will increase. To do this, under the base wheels of the cultivator sections, wooden boards of thickness are placed 1-2 cm less than the maximum processing depth (i.e. taking into account the dipping of the wheel into the soil).

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